Prescriber means, with respect to contact lens prescriptions, an ophthalmologist, optometrist, or other person permitted under State law to issue prescriptions for contact lenses in compliance with any applicable requirements established by the Food and Drug Administration. "Other person," for purposes of this definition, includes a dispensing optician who is permitted under State law to issue prescriptions and who is authorized or permitted under State law to perform contact lens fitting services.

Private label contact lenses mean contact lenses that are sold under the label of a seller where the contact lenses are identical to lenses made by the same manufacturer but sold under the labels of other sellers.

§ 315.3 Availability of contact lens prescriptions to patients.

- (a) *In general*. When a prescriber completes a contact lens fitting, the prescriber:
- (1) Whether or not requested by the patient, shall provide to the patient a copy of the contact lens prescription; and
- (2) Shall, as directed by any person designated to act on behalf of the patient, provide or verify the contact lens prescription by electronic or other means.
 - (b) Limitations. A prescriber may not:
- (1) Require the purchase of contact lenses from the prescriber or from another person as a condition of providing a copy of a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section or as a condition of verification of a prescription under paragraph (a)(2) of this section;
- (2) Require payment in addition to, or as part of, the fee for an eye examination, fitting, and evaluation as a condition of providing a copy of a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section or as a condition of verification of a prescription under paragraph (a)(2) of this section; or
- (3) Require the patient to sign a waiver or release as a condition of releasing or verifying a prescription under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section.

§315.4 Limits on requiring immediate payment.

A prescriber may require payment of fees for an eye examination, fitting, and evaluation before the release of a contact lens prescription, but only if the prescriber requires immediate payment in the case of an examination that reveals no requirement for ophthalmic goods. For purposes of the preceding sentence, presentation of proof of insurance coverage for that service shall be deemed to be a payment.

§315.5 Prescriber verification.

- (a) Prescription requirement. A seller may sell contact lenses only in accordance with a contact lens prescription for the patient that is:
- (1) Presented to the seller by the patient or prescriber directly or by facsimile; or
 - (2) Verified by direct communication.
- (b) Information for verification. When seeking verification of a contact lens prescription, a seller shall provide the prescriber with the following information through direct communication:
- (1) The patient's full name and address:
- (2) The contact lens power, manufacturer, base curve or appropriate designation, and diameter when appropriate;
 - (3) The quantity of lenses ordered;
 - (4) The date of patient request;
- (5) The date and time of verification request:
- (6) The name of a contact person at the seller's company, including facsimile and telephone numbers; and
- (7) If the seller opts to include the prescriber's regular business hours on Saturdays as "business hours" for purposes of paragraph (c)(3) of this section, a clear statement of the prescriber's regular Saturday business hours.
- (c) Verification events. A prescription is verified under paragraph (a)(2) of this section only if one of the following occurs:
- (1) The prescriber confirms the prescription is accurate by direct communication with the seller;
- (2) The prescriber informs the seller through direct communication that the prescription is inaccurate and provides the accurate prescription; or